

<b>Specification</b> Physical and chemical properties	<b>PCP</b> <b>D 1616</b>
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## Grau 1616

## D 1616

Colour: greyish-green

Application: dark tinted sunglare filter  
with high UV- absorption  
filter category 3 acc. to DIN EN 1836  
(for  $\tau_v > 18$  % filter category 2)

The subsequent properties are based primarily upon the measuring results of the very latest standards and measuring methods, which are defined in corresponding "Measuring and Test Procedures".

We retain the right to change the data in keeping with the latest technical standards.

Non-toleranced numerical values are reference values of an average production quality.

Values marked with  $\diamond$  do not apply to the type of glass or no values are available.

Requirements deviating from these specifications must be defined in writing in a **customer agreement**.

<b>Specification</b>		<b>PCP D 1616</b>	
Physical and chemical properties			
<b>1.</b>	<b>Optical properties</b>		
<b>1.1</b>	<b>Refractive indices (20 °C)</b>		
	Pretreatment of samples	$n_g$	1.5355
	[ x ] Condition as supplied	$n_{F'}$	1.5304
	[ ] annealed at 40 °C/h	$n_F$	1.5298
		$n_e$	1.5251
		$n_d$	1.5227
		$n_D$	1.5226
		$n_{C'}$	1.5201
		$n_C$	1.5196
<b>1.1.1</b>	<b>Abbe value</b>	$v_e$	50.7 ± 0.6
		$v_d$	50.9
<b>1.2</b>	<b>Transmittance data</b>		
<b>1.2.1</b>	<b>Spectral transmittance <math>\tau(\lambda)</math></b>		
<b>1.2.1.1</b>	<b><math>\tau(\lambda)</math> - curve</b>		
	Plot of spectral transmittance $\tau(\lambda)$ for $d = 2.0$ mm ( $\lambda = 300$ nm to 1500 nm)	see annex	
<b>1.2.1.2</b>	<b><math>\tau(\lambda)</math> - individual values in % (<math>d = 2.0</math> mm)</b>		
	$\tau(\lambda)_{\max}$ for the $\lambda$ - range 280 nm to 315 nm	< 0.001	
	$\tau(\lambda)_{\max}$ for the $\lambda$ - range 315 nm to 350 nm	0.04	
	$\tau_{380}$	3.0	
	$\tau(\lambda)_{\min}$ for the $\lambda$ - range 500 nm to 650 nm	10	
<b>1.2.1.3</b>	<b>Edge wavelength (<math>d = 2.0</math> mm)</b>		
	Edge wavelength $\lambda_c$ ( $\tau = 0.46$ ) in nm	◇	
<b>1.2.2</b>	<b>Luminous transmittance <math>\tau_v</math></b>		
<b>1.2.2.1</b>	<b>Luminous transmittance <math>\tau_{vD65}</math> in % at nominal thickness <math>d = 2.0</math> mm * nominal transmittance</b>	16.0 * ± 2.5	
	Luminous transmittance as a function of thickness		
	Thickness in mm	1.4	2.0
		3.0	4.0
		5.0	6.0
	$\tau_{vD65}$ in %	27.0	16.0
		6.8	◇
		◇	◇
	$\tau_{vA}$ in %	26.5	15.6
		6.5	◇
		◇	◇
	$\tau_{vC}$ in %	27.0	16.0
		6.8	◇
		◇	◇

<b>Specification</b>		<b>PCP D 1616</b>	
Physical and chemical properties			
<b>1.2.2.2</b>	<b>Scale number / Filter category</b>		
	<i>N</i> for mean thickness <i>d</i> = 1.6 mm ( $\tau_{VD65} = 22.8\%$ )		6 - 2.5
	<i>N</i> for mean thickness <i>d</i> = 2.3 mm ( $\tau_{VD65} = 12.6\%$ )		6 - 3.1
	filter category for nominal transmittance $\tau_{VD65} = 16.0\%$		3
<b>1.2.3</b>	<b>Special transmittance values in % (<i>d</i> = 2.0 mm)</b>		
<b>1.2.3.1</b>	<b>UV - transmittance</b>		
		$\tau_{UVA}$	0.8
		$\tau_{SUV}$	< 0.5
		$\tau_{SUVA}$	< 1.0
		$\tau_{SUVB}$	< 0.05
<b>1.2.3.2</b>	<b>IR - transmittance</b>	$\tau_{SIR}$	2
<b>1.2.3.3</b>	<b>Solar blue - light transmittance</b>	$\tau_{sb}$	13.9
<b>1.3</b>	<b>Colour</b>		
<b>1.3.1</b>	<b>Visual evaluation</b>		◇
<b>1.3.2</b>	<b>Colorimetry</b>		
	Chromaticity coordinates	A $x_{10}$	0.308 <sub>6</sub>
		$y_{10}$	0.355 <sub>4</sub>
	Chromaticity coordinates (colour locus) are referred to the Standard Illuminant D <sub>65</sub> according CIE 10°-observer for nominal thickness ( <i>d</i> = 2,0mm)	B $x_{10}$	0.314 <sub>6</sub>
		$y_{10}$	0.359 <sub>2</sub>
		C $x_{10}$	0.312 <sub>3</sub>
		$y_{10}$	0.362 <sub>6</sub>
	In case of verification, the measured values may additionally deviate by the measuring uncertainty of the used measuring devices.	D $x_{10}$	0.306 <sub>4</sub>
		$y_{10}$	0.358 <sub>8</sub>
	part of chromaticity coordinates		see annex
<b>1.3.3</b>	<b>Signal light recognition</b>		
	Relative visual attenuation coefficient (quotient) <i>Q</i> for signal light recognition for nominal thickness ( <i>d</i> = 2,0mm)	$Q_{blue}$	1.00
		$Q_{green}$	1.05
		$Q_{yellow}$	0.94
		$Q_{red}$	0.79
	<b>This sunglare filter is acc. to DIN EN 172 and DIN EN 1836 "not suitable for driving and road use"</b>		
<b>1.3.4</b>	<b>Yellowness index (<i>d</i> = 10 mm)</b>		
		$Y_i$	◇

<b>Specification</b>		<b>PCP</b>	
Physical and chemical properties		<b>D 1616</b>	
<b>2. Thermal properties</b>			
<b>2.1 Viscosities and corresponding temperatures</b>			
Designation		Viscosity $\lg \eta$ in dPas	Temperature $\vartheta$ in °C
Strain point		14.5	453
Annealing point		13.0	483
Softening point		7.6	671
Forming temperature		6.0	780
Forming temperature		5.0	875
Forming temperature		4.0	1006
<b>2.2 Transformation temperature <math>T_g</math> in °C</b>			479
<b>2.3 Coefficient of mean linear thermal expansion</b> $\alpha(20\text{ °C};300\text{ °C})$ in $10^{-6}\text{ K}^{-1}$ (Static measurement)			10.0
<b>2.4 Fuseability</b>			◇
<b>2.5 Mean specific heat capacity <math>c_p(20\text{ °C to }100\text{ °C})</math> in <math>\text{J}/(\text{g} \cdot \text{K})</math></b>			◇

<b>Specification</b>		<b>PCP D 1616</b>
Physical and chemical properties		
<b>3.</b>	<b>Mechanical properties</b>	
<b>3.1</b>	Density $\rho$ in g/cm <sup>3</sup>	2.53
<b>3.2</b>	Stress optical coefficient $C$ in $1.02 \cdot 10^{-12}$ m <sup>2</sup> /N	3.13
<b>3.3</b>	<b>Breaking strength</b>	
	<p>A higher mechanical strength can be realized by chemical toughening according to the ion exchange procedure (refer to annex 3.3.1) or by thermal toughening. Both toughening methods may cause slight transmittance - and colourchanges.</p>	
<b>3.3.1</b>	<b>Chemical toughening</b>	
	Processing temperature $\vartheta$ in °C	360
	Processing time $t$ in h	16
	Compressive stress $D_s$ as birefringence in nm/cm	5200
	Penetration depth $N_z$ up to neutral zone in $\mu\text{m}$	39
	Further information	see annex
<b>3.3.2</b>	<b>Thermal toughening</b>	
	Recommended minimum thickness $d$ in mm for toughened safety glass lenses without corrective effect as per ball drop test (DIN EN 168)	2.5
<b>3.4</b>	Young´s modulus $E$ in kN/mm <sup>2</sup>	◇
<b>3.5</b>	Poisson´s ratio $\mu$	◇
<b>3.6</b>	Torsion modulus $G$ in kN/mm <sup>2</sup>	◇
<b>3.7</b>	Knoop hardness $HK$ 0.1/20	462

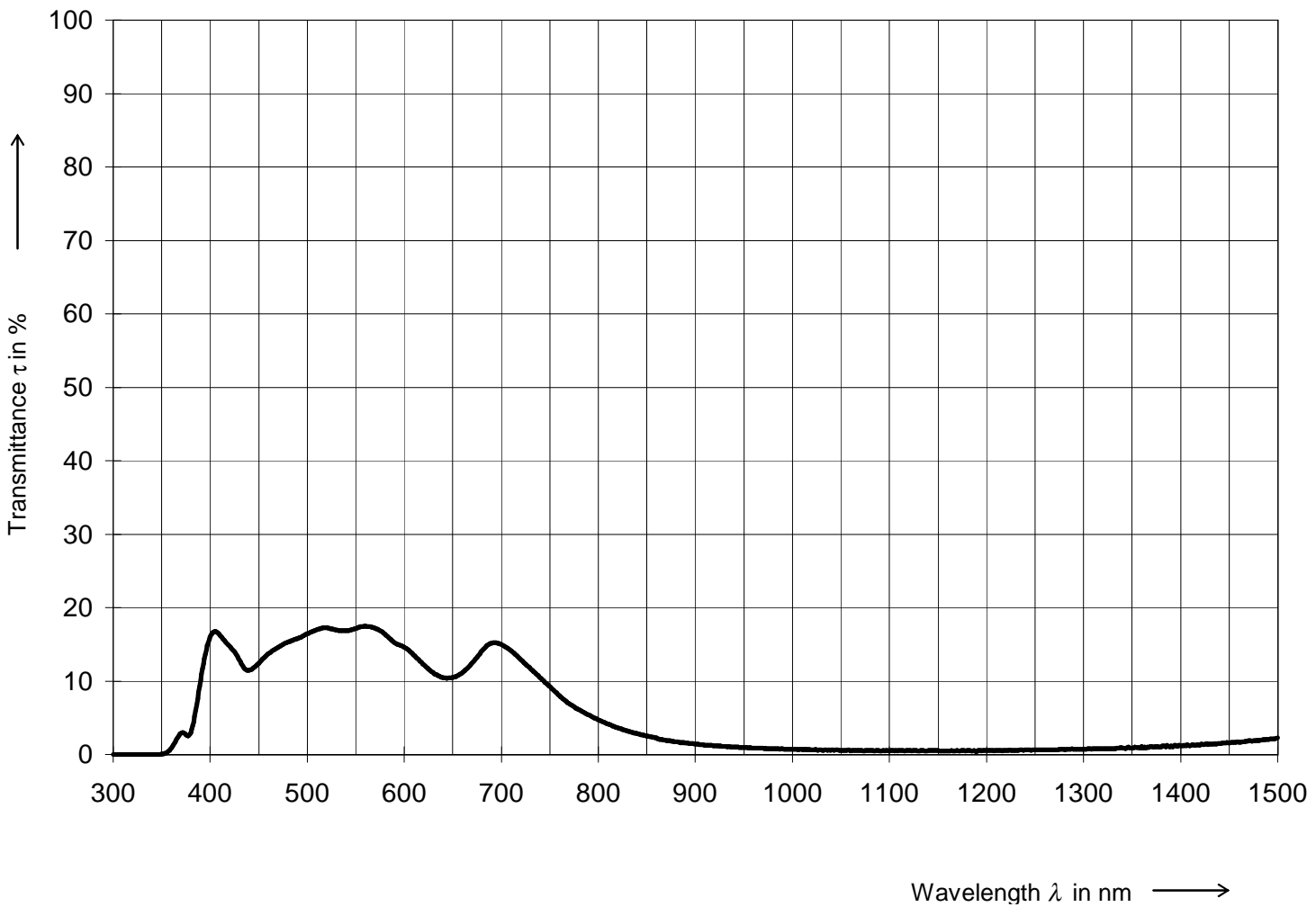
<b>Specification</b>		<b>PCP</b>
Physical and chemical properties		<b>D 1616</b>
<b>4.</b>	<b>Chemical properties</b>	
<b>4.1</b>	<b>Hydrolytic resistance acc. to DIN ISO 719</b>	
	Hydrolytic class	HGB 4
	Equivalent of alkali (Na <sub>2</sub> O) per gram of glass grains in µg/g	343
<b>4.2</b>	<b>Acid resistance acc. to DIN 12 116</b>	
	Acid class	S 3
	Half surface weight loss after 6 hours in mg/dm <sup>2</sup>	1.8
<b>4.3</b>	<b>Alkali resistance acc. to DIN ISO 695</b>	
	Class	A 3
	Surface weight loss after 3 hours in mg/dm <sup>2</sup>	193
<b>4.4</b>	<b>Hazardous Substances</b>	
	EC-directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS-directive)	on request
<b>5.</b>	<b>Electrical properties</b>	disregarded
<b>6.</b>	<b>Other properties</b>	disregarded
<b>7.</b>	<b>Annex (diagrams, curves)</b>	

**Specification**  
Physical and chemical properties

**PCP**  
**D 1616**

## Spectral Transmittance

Type of Glass: **Grau 1616**  
Thickness: 2.00 mm



Annex 1.3.2

## Specification

Physical and chemical properties

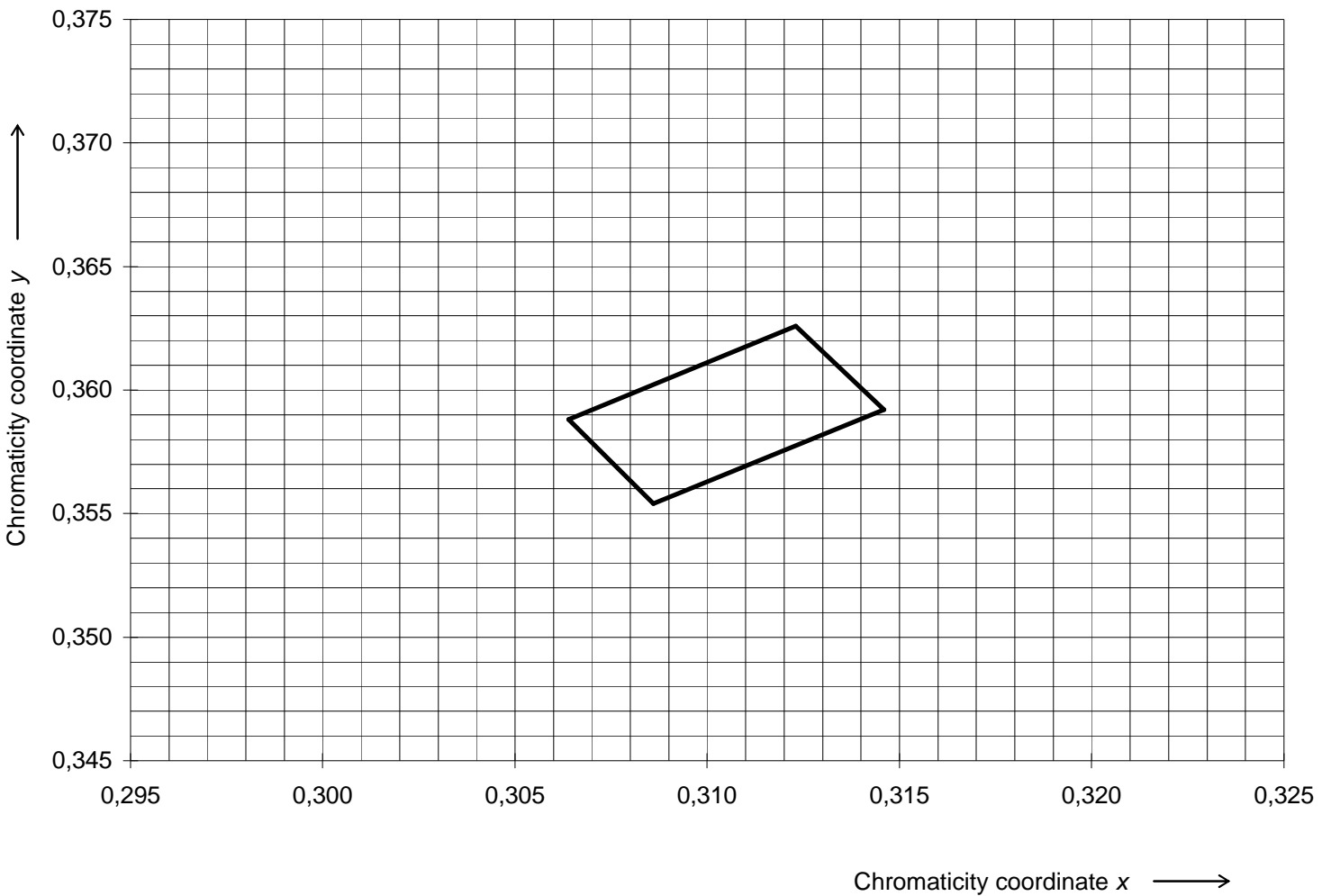
PCP  
D 1616

Form 0050/1e

## Chromaticity Coordinates

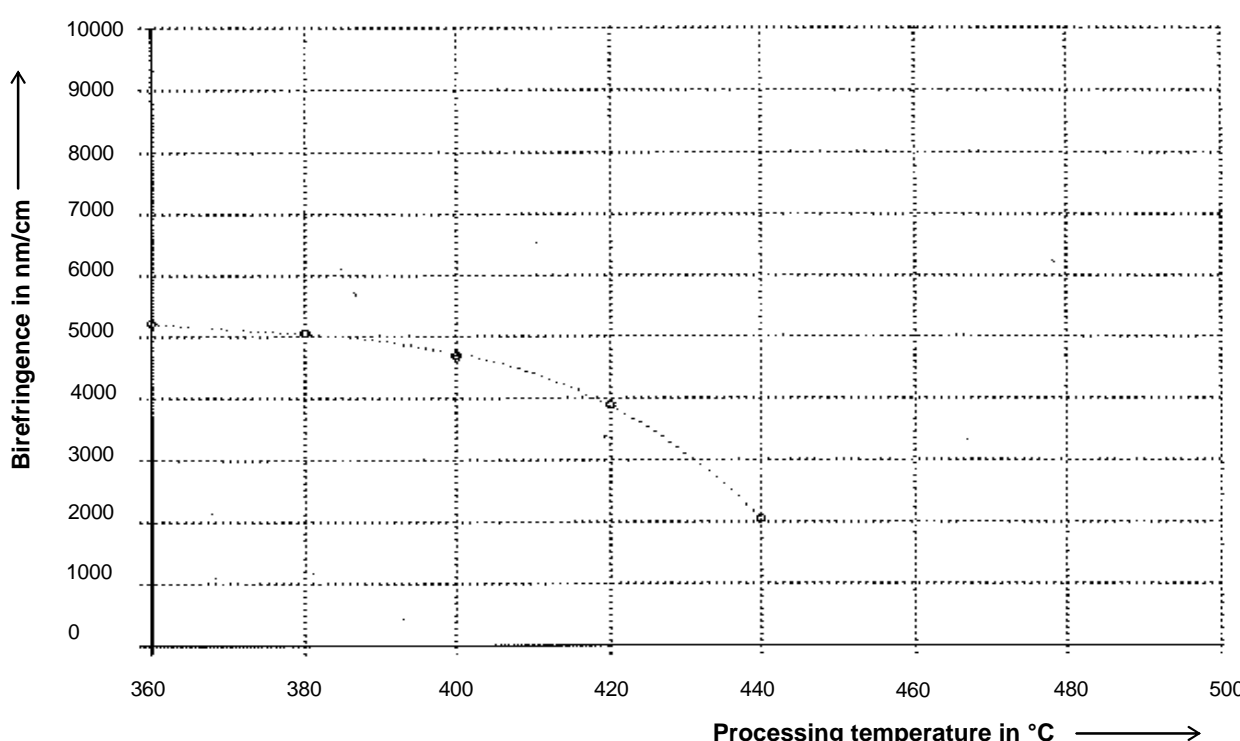
Type of Glass: Grau 1616

Thickness: 2.00 mm





Annex 3.3.1

<b>Specification</b>		<b>PCP D 1616</b>													
Physical and chemical properties															
<b>Chemical toughening parameter</b>															
<b>Glass and chemical toughening parameters</b>															
Transformation temperature	°C	479													
Glass thickness	mm	2													
Processing time	h	16													
Processing temperature	°C	360													
Salt bath (* weight percentages)	KNO <sub>3</sub> in % *	99.5													
	SiO <sub>2</sub> x H <sub>2</sub> O in % *	0.5													
<b>Chemical toughening results *</b>															
Penetration depth	µm	39													
Birefringence	nm/cm	5200													
* measured across at a sample piece ground down to 0.3 mm ± 0.05 mm															
Ball drop test acc. FDA	% failed	not carried out													
Ball drop test acc. DIN	% failed	not carried out													
 <table border="1"> <caption>Data points from the Birefringence vs. Processing Temperature graph</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Processing temperature (°C)</th> <th>Birefringence (nm/cm)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>360</td> <td>5000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>380</td> <td>4900</td> </tr> <tr> <td>400</td> <td>4600</td> </tr> <tr> <td>420</td> <td>3800</td> </tr> <tr> <td>440</td> <td>2000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Processing temperature (°C)	Birefringence (nm/cm)	360	5000	380	4900	400	4600	420	3800	440	2000
Processing temperature (°C)	Birefringence (nm/cm)														
360	5000														
380	4900														
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Form 0050/1e